## Query 5: Adjustments by Part Number

Write an SQL statement to display the sum of the extended cost and the number of inventory transactions. The results should include data for shipments (transaction type 5) in calendar years 2011 and 2012. Summarize the result by calendar year, calendar quarter, and customer name. The result should show the grouped columns and the normal set of group by results plus partial subtotals for year and quarter concatenated with customer name. Do not use the GROUPING SETS and UNION operators. (Hint: see the partial ROLLUP example in lesson 5).

SELECT dd.CALYEAR,

dd.CALQUARTER,

cvd.NAME,

SUM(f.EXTCOST),

COUNT(\*)

FROM INVENTORY\_FACT f

INNER JOIN DATE\_DIM dd

ON f.DATEKEY = dd.DATEKEY

INNER JOIN CUST\_VENDOR\_DIM cvd

ON cvd.CUSTVENDORKEY = f.CUSTVENDORKEY

WHERE f.TRANSTYPEKEY = 5

AND (dd.CALYEAR = 2011

OR dd.CALYEAR = 2012)

GROUP BY cvd.NAME, ROLLUP(dd.CALYEAR, dd.CALQUARTER);

